

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name** Sodium nitrite

**Other Names** Nitrous acid, sodium salt

Uses No Data Available **Chemical Family** No Data Available

**Chemical Formula** NaNO2 **Chemical Name** Sodium nitrite **Product Description** No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location **Telephone** 

Redox Pty Ltd +61-2-97333000 2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566

Australia

Redox Pty Ltd 11 Mayo Road +64-9-2506222

Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand

3960 Paramount Boulevard Redox Inc. +1-424-675-3200

Suite 107

Lakewood CA 90712

USA

Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7

Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Westmead NSW

**Emergency Contact Details** 

Poisons Information Centre

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location **Telephone** 

> 1800-251525 131126

Chemcall Australia 1800-127406

+64-4-9179888

+60-3-5614-2111

## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Schedule 7 Poisons Schedule (Aust)

**Globally Harmonised System** 

**Hazard Classification** Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Acute Toxicity (Oral) - Category 3 **Hazard Categories** 

Acute Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 1

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Oxidising Solids - Category 2







## **Pictograms**







Signal Word Danger

**Hazard Statements** H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer.

**H301** Toxic if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

**Precautionary Statements** Prevention P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**P273** Avoid release to the environment.

**P280** Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

**P337 + P313** If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**P370 + P378** In case of fire: Use water for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

## **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Storage

## Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium Nitrite	No Data Available	7632-00-0	>=98 %
May contain anti-caking agent	Unspecified	Unspecified	No Data Available

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

**Swallowed** Rinse mouth immediately and then drink plenty of water, induce vomiting, seek medical attention.

Eye Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open. Seek medical

attention from an eye specialist.



Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with plenty of Soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Seek Skin

medical attention if symptoms develop or persist. Wash clothing before reuse.

Inhaled After inhalation of decomposition products, remove the affected person to a source of fresh air and keep calm.

Provide medical aid. Immediately administer a corticosteroid from a controlled/metered dose inhaler.

**Advice to Doctor** Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, vomiting, convulsions, cyanosis, death, coma, methaemoglobinaemia, nausea

Hazards: Risk of pulmonary edema. Symptoms can appear later. Danger of methaemoglobin formation after

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), treat with toluonium chloride to reverse

methaemoglobinanaemia.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated** 

by Exposure

No Data Available

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**General Measures** Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate ignition sources.

Move fire exposed containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

**Flammability Conditions** Powerful oxidising agent. Not combustible, but will support the combustion of other material.

**Extinguishing Media** Water spray.

DO NOT USE: ABC powder, carbon dioxide.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Protection against fire and explosion:

> The substance/product is non-combustible. Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of oxygen. Where required Prevent electrostatic charge - sources of ignition should be kept well clear - fire extinguishers should be kept handy.

**Hazardous Products of** Nitrogen oxides.

Combustion

The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Has a firepromoting effect due to

release of oxygen.

Special Fire Fighting

HAZCHEM: 1Z

Instructions

Do NOT allow fire fighting water to reach waterways, drains or sewers. Store fire fighting water for treatment. Dam fire

control water for later disposal.

**Personal Protective Equipment** Fire fighters should wear a positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting

clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots and gloves) or chemical splash suit.

Flash Point No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available

**Hazchem Code** 17

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**General Response Procedure** Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Slippery when spilt. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Increase ventilation.

Avoid generating dust. Use clean, non-sparking tools and equipment. Do NOT contaminate. Keep combustibles

away from spilled material.

**Clean Up Procedures** Contain and sweep/shovel up spills with dust binding material. Transfer to a suitable, labelled container and dispose

of promptly as hazardous waste.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so. Isolate the danger area.

**Environmental Precautionary** Measures

Do NOT let product reach drains or waterways. If product does enter a waterway, advise the Environmental

Protection Authority or your local Waste Management. Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil.

**Evacuation Criteria** Evacuate all unnecessary personnel.

**Personal Precautionary** 

Measures

Do NOT touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing as listed in

section 8.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Ensure an eye bath and safety shower are available and ready for use. Observe good personal hygiene practices and



**Handling** recommended procedures. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take precautionary measures against static discharges

by bonding and grounding equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale product vapours. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Keep container tightly sealed. Breathing must be protected when large quantities are decanted without local exhaust ventilation. Processing machines must be fitted with local exhaust ventilation. Protect against moisture. Protect against heat. Do not mix with combustible substances. Protection against fire and explosion: The substance/product is non-combustible. Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of

oxygen. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear - fire extinguishers should be kept handy.

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Inspect regularly for

deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Protect against physical damage. Store away from incompatible materials as listed in section 10. Segregate from oxidizable substances. Segregate from acids. Segregate from ammonium salts. This product is classified as a dangerous substance for storage. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. This product has a UN classification of 1500 and a Dangerous Goods Class 5.1 (Oxidiser) with a subsidiary risk 6.1 (Toxic) according to The Australian

Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods By Road and Rail.

**Container** Store in original packaging as approved by manufacturer.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No exposure standard has been established for this product by the Australian Safety and Compensation Council

(ASCC). However, the exposure standard for dust not otherwise specified is 10mg/m3 (for inspirable dust) and

3mg/m3 (for respirable dust).

**Exposure Limits** No Data Available

**Biological Limits** No information available on biological limit values for this product.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local

exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits

are not exceeded.

Personal Protection Equipment RESPIRATOR: Particle filter with high efficiency for solid and liquid particles (e.g. Type P3 or FFP3) (AS1715/1716).

EYES: Safety glasses with side-shields (frame goggles) (AS1336/1337).

HANDS: Gloves made of: polyvinylchloride (PVC) - 0.7 mm coating thickness; nitrile rubber (NBR) - 0.4 mm coating thickness; chloroprene rubber (CR) - 0.5 mm coating thickness; butyl rubber (butyl) - 0.7 mm coating thickness;

fluoroelastomer (FKM) - 0.7 mm coating thickness; with >480min permeation time (AS2161).

CLOTHING: Chemical-resistant coveralls and safety footwear (AS3765/2210).

Work Hygienic Practices Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of

work. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at

the end of the shift.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateSolidAppearanceCrystallineOdourFaint odour

ColourWhite to slightly yellowpH8 - 9 100 g/L @ 20 deg C

Vapour PressureNo Data AvailableRelative Vapour DensityNo Data AvailableBoiling PointDecomposesMelting Point280 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

**Solubility** Readily soluble, formation of sediments in water

Specific Gravity 2.17

Flash PointNo Data AvailableAuto Ignition TempNo Data AvailableEvaporation RateNo Data AvailableBulk Density1,100 - 1,300 kg/m3



**Corrosion Rate** No Data Available

**Decomposition Temperature** >320 °C

**Density** 2.17 g/cm3 [ISO 2811-3]

**Specific Heat** No Data Available Molecular Weight No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available Saturated Vapour Concentration No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available **Viscosity** No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available

**Additional Characteristics** Hygroscopic hygroscopic

**Potential for Dust Explosion** No Data Available

**Fast or Intensely Burning** 

Characteristics

**VOC Volume** 

Strong oxidiser - Product will accelerate burning when involved in a fire.

Flame Propagation or Burning

**Rate of Solid Materials** 

No Data Available

No Data Available

**Non-Flammables That Could** Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No Data Available

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

No Data Available

No Data Available

**Reactions That Release Gases** 

or Vapours

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No Data Available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**General Information** Powerful oxidising agent.

**Chemical Stability** No Data Available **Conditions to Avoid** No Data Available

**Materials to Avoid** Reducing agents, oxidizable substances, ammonium salts, amines, amine compounds, acids

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Nitrogen monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, disodium oxide.

**Hazardous Polymerisation** No Data Available

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**General Information** Assessment of acute toxicity: Of high toxicity after single ingestion. There is a risk of damage to the blood

(methemoglobinemia) after a single uptake.

LD50 rat (oral): 180 mg/kg

Irritation

Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the skin. Eye contact causes irritation.

Primary skin irritation rabbit: non-irritant (OECD Guideline 404)

Primary irritations of the mucous membrane rabbit: Irritant. (OECD Guideline 405)

Sensitization



Assessment of sensitization: There is no evidence of a skin-sensitizing potential. Study scientifically not justified.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated administration the prominent effect is damage of the blood (methemoglobin formation).

## Genetic toxicity

Information on: sodium nitrite

Assessment of mutagenicity: The data available on mutagenic action are not consistent.

#### Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats and mice in which the substance was given by drinkingwater, a carcinogenic effect was not observed. Under certain conditions nitrites can enhance the formation of nitrosamines in vivo. Nitrosamines are carcinogenic in animal studies.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

#### Developmental toxicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: In animal studies the substance did not cause malformations. Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals. After the uptake of small doses toxicity to development will not be expected in humans.

 Eyelrritant
 May cause eye irritation.

 Ingestion
 Toxic if swallowed

 Carcinogen Category
 No Data Available

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Assessment of aquatic toxicity: Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic organisms. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations.

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (96 h) 0.54 - 26.3 mg/l, Salmo gairdneri, syn. O. mykiss (Flow through.)

#### Aquatic invertebrates:

LC50 (96 h) 4.93 mg/l, aquatic crustacea (static) Literature data.

EC50 (48 h) 15.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static) The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.

#### Aquatic plants:

EC50 (72 h) > 100 mg/l (growth rate), Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, static) The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.

## Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge:

EC10 (3 h) 210 mg/l, activated sludge, domestic (OECD Guideline 209, static) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

EC50 (48 h) 421 mg/l, protozoa (other, static)

Chronic toxicity to fish: No observed effect concentration (31 d) 6.16 mg/l, Ictalurus punctatus, syn: I. robustus (Flow through.)

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates: No observed effect concentration (80 d), 9.86 mg/l, aquatic crustacea (Daphnia test chronic, static)

Assessment of terrestrial toxicity: Study scientifically not justified.

## Persistence/Degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O): Inorganic product which cannot be eliminated from water by biological purification processes. Can be oxidized to nitrate, or be reduced to nitrogen, by microorganisms.

Assessment of stability in water: Study technically not feasible.

Mobility Assessment transport between environmental compartments: Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

Environmental Fate Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water channels. Do not release untreated into natural waters. Inhibition

of degradation activity in activated sludge is not to be anticipated during correct introduction of low concentrations.

**Bioaccumulation Potential**Assessment bioaccumulation potential: Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

**Environmental Impact**No Data Available



## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations. All empty packaging should be disposed of in

accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations or recycled/reconditioned at an approved facility.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contact a specialist disposal company or the local waste regulator for advice.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name SODIUM NITRITE

Class 5.1 Oxidising Substances

Subsidiary Risk(s) 6.1 Toxic and Infectious Substances - Toxic Substances

**EPG** 31 Oxidizing Substances

 UN Number
 1500

 Hazchem
 1Z

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

## Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name SODIUM NITRITE

Class 5.1 Oxidising Substances

Subsidiary Risk(s) 6.1 Toxic and Infectious Substances - Toxic Substances

 UN Number
 1500

 Hazchem
 1Z

 Pack Group
 III

**Special Provision** No Data Available

EMS FA,SQ Marine Pollutant Yes

# Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name SODIUM NITRITE

Class 5.1 Oxidising Substances

Subsidiary Risk(s) 6.1 Toxic and Infectious Substances - Toxic Substances

 UN Number
 1500

 Hazchem
 1Z

 Pack Group
 III

**Special Provision** No Data Available

## **National Transport Commission (Australia)**

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)



#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Schedule 7

## National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AICS) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

**Europe (EINECS)** Not Determined

**Europe (REACh)**Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

**USA (TSCA)** Not Determined

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Related Product Codes SONITF1000, SONITF1001, SONITF1002, SONITF2500, SONITF2600, SONITF2602, SONITF2605,

SONITF2606, SONITF2630, SONITF2631, SONITF3000, SONITF3001, SONITF3002, SONITF3010, SONITF3020, SONITF3021, SONITF3022, SONITF3023, SONITF3024, SONITF3100, SONITF3101, SONITF3200, SONITF3000, SONITF3000, SONITF3000, SONITR1000, SONITR1001, SONITR1002, SONITR1003, SONITR1004, SONITR1005, SONITR1500, SONITR1700, SONITR1800, SONITR1801, SONITR1802, SONITR1803, SONITR1804, SONITR1805, SONITR1806, SONITR1807, SONITR2000, SONITR2001, SONITR2002, SONITR2003, SONITR2004, SONITR2005, SONITR2010, SONITR2011, SONITR2020, SONITR2048, SONITR2010, SONITR2500, SONITR3000, SONITR3001, SONITR3100, SONITR3500, SONITR4000, SONITR4001, SONITR4002, SONITR4003, SONITR4004, SONITR4005, SONITR5000, SONITR5300, SONITR5800, SONITR5801, SONITR5802, SONITR5803, SONITR5804, SONITR5805, SONITR5806, SONITR5807, SONITR5808, SONITR5809, SONITR5811, SONITR5811, SONITR5812, SONITR6000, SONITR6001, SONITR6002, SONITR6003, SONITR6003, SONITR6001, SONITR6001, SONITR6001, SONITR6011, SONITR6011, SONITR6011, SONITR6011, SONITR6011, SONITR6011, SONITR6011, SONITR6013, SONITR6013, SONITR6024, SONITR6025, SONITR6026, SONITR6027, SONITR6028, SONITR6028, SONITR6029, SONITR6030, SONITR6031, SONITR6000, SONITR6010, SONITR6000, SONITR6000, SONITR6000, SONITR6000, SONITR6000, SONITR6000, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6010, SONITR6000, SONITR

Revision 3

**Revision Date** 21 Feb 2016



Reason for Issue

updated sds

Key/Legend

< Less Than
> Greater Than

**AICS** Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

**CAS** Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

**COD** Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

**g** Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

**HSNO** Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

**lb** Pound

**LC50** LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. **LD50** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50%

(one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

**Misc** or **Miscible** Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

**NOHSC** National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

**OECD** Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**Oz** Ounce

**PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

**RCP** Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit

**TLV** Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

**UN** United Nations

wt Weight

